

KOGANEI

ACTUATORS GENERAL CATALOG

JIG CYLINDERS C SERIES STROKE-ADJUSTING CYLINDERS

INDEX

RoHS directive compliant products

Features	18
Handling instructions and precautions	20
Specifications	22
Order codes	23
Internal configuration and names of each part	24
Dimensions	25
Sensor switch	28



CAUTION

Be sure to read the safety precautions at the front of the general personal catalog before using this product.

JIG CYLINDERS C SERIES

Stroke Adjusting Cylinders (push stroke adjusting)



Single rod cylinder that allows push side stroke adjusting.

Patent pending

(Stroke adjusting range 0 to -5 mm [0 to -0.197 in])

Note: As of April 2008. Based on research by Koganei.

● Push stroke can be adjusted by rotating the adjusting gear.

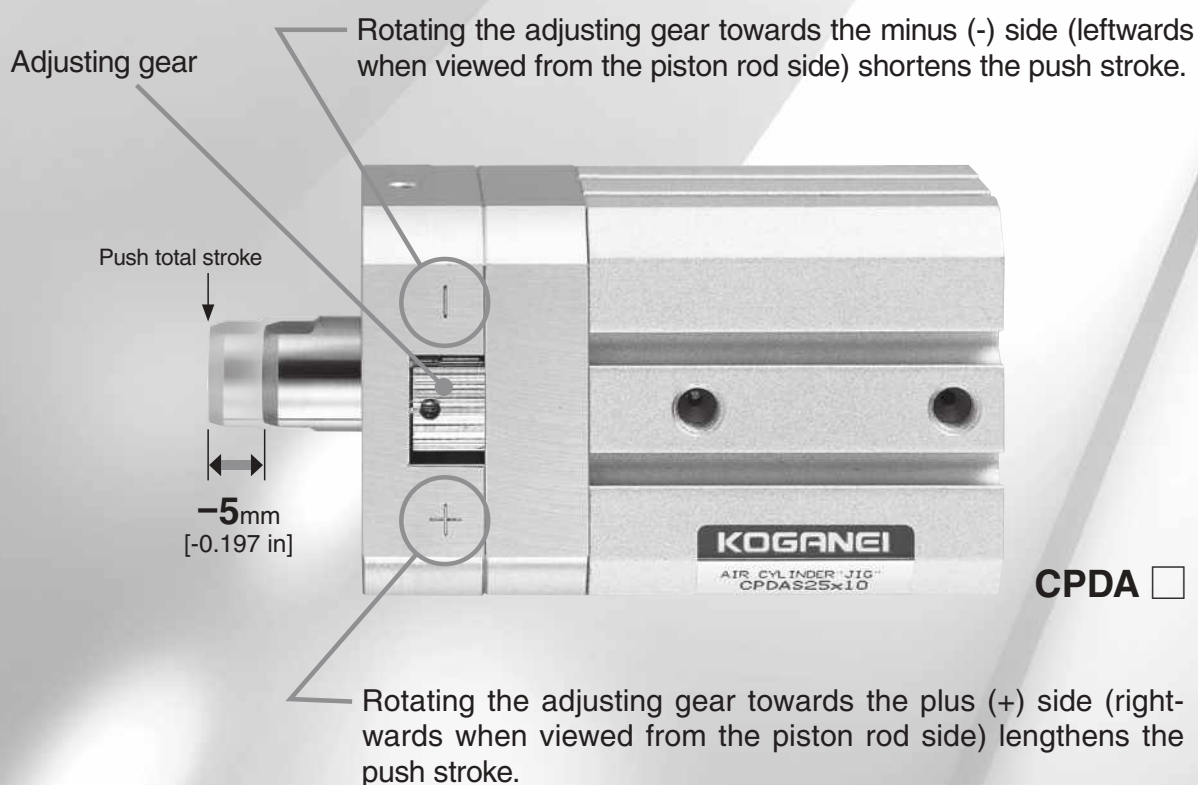
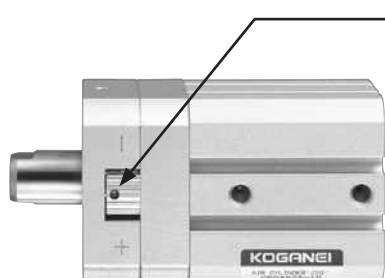


Image of previous stroke adjusting cylinder

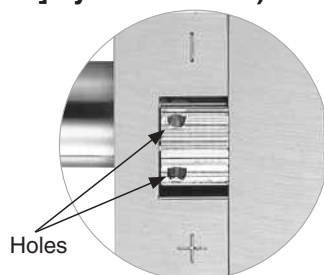




Stroke adjusting method



With the adjusting gear $\phi 2$ [0.079] ($\phi 12$ to $\phi 25$ [0.472 to 0.984] cylinder bores) or $\phi 2.5$ [0.098] ($\phi 32$ [1.260], $\phi 40$ [1.575] cylinder bores) holes are at 90° intervals.



- Use a pin or other suitable object to rotate as required.

Note: The adjusting gear cannot be rotated while air is being applied. Do not try to force rotation past where adjusting gear adjustment ends. Doing so can lead to malfunction. Do not try to rotate with your fingernail. Doing so creates the risk of personal injury.



After stroke adjusting



- When determining the stroke, tighten the fixing screw. One fixing screen is temporarily installed at the factory.

Fixing screw (For fixing the adjusting gear)
There is also a female screw on the opposite side as a fixing screw.

Cylinder bore and stroke (mm [in])

Cylinder bore	Standard stroke											
12 [0.472]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	—	—	—	—	—	—
16 [0.630]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 [0.787]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	35 [1.378]	40 [1.575]	45 [1.772]	50 [1.969]	—	—
25 [0.984]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	35 [1.378]	40 [1.575]	45 [1.772]	50 [1.969]	—	—
32 [1.260]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	35 [1.378]	40 [1.575]	45 [1.772]	50 [1.969]	75 [2.953]	100 [3.9]
40 [1.575]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	15 [0.591]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	35 [1.378]	40 [1.575]	45 [1.772]	50 [1.969]	75 [2.953]	100 [3.9]

Handling instructions and precautions

Lubrication

Cylinders can be used without lubrication. To lubricate, use turbine oil 1 (ISO VG32) or an equivalent. Avoid using spindle oil or machine oil.

Mid-stroke

- The mid-stroke manufacturing method basically uses tube cutting. However, strokes up to 5 mm [0.197 in] are not tube cut. Contact your nearest Koganei sales office for information about availability.
- Dimensions
In the case of tube cutting, the add stroke is the mid-stroke.

Other

Avoid use that subjects the piston rod to lateral load.

Allowable kinetic energy

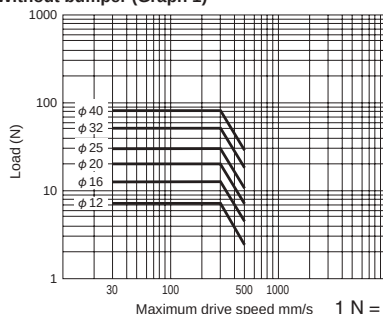
Use the following equation to calculate the kinetic energy of loads.

$$Ex = \frac{m}{2} v^2$$

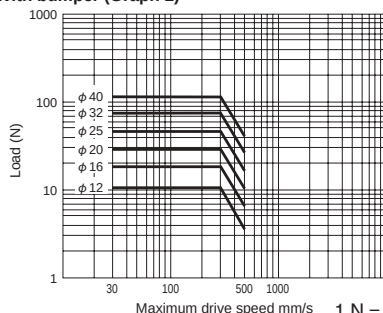
Ex: Kinetic energy (J)
m: Mass of load (kg)
v: Piston speed (m/s)

Cylinder bore mm [in]	Allowable kinetic energy	
	Without bumper	With bumper
12 [0.472]	0.032 [0.024]	0.048 [0.035]
16 [0.630]	0.057 [0.042]	0.086 [0.063]
20 [0.787]	0.090 [0.066]	0.135 [0.100]
25 [0.984]	0.140 [0.103]	0.210 [0.155]
32 [1.260]	0.230 [0.170]	0.344 [0.254]
40 [1.575]	0.359 [0.265]	0.538 [0.397]

Without bumper (Graph 1)



With bumper (Graph 2)



Interpreting the graphs

According to Graph 1, a maximum speed of 300 mm/s [11.8 in/sec] or less is required for operating a load of 30 N [6.744 lbf] when with a CPDA (S) 25.
According to Graph 2, $\phi 32$ [1.260] CPDA (S) 32×Stroke-R for operation of a load of 20 N [4.496 lbf] operated at a maximum speed of 500 mm/s [19.7 in/sec].

Sensor switch

Standard cylinders do not have a sensor switch magnet built in. To mount a sensor switch, a sensor cylinder with a built-in sensor switch magnet is required.

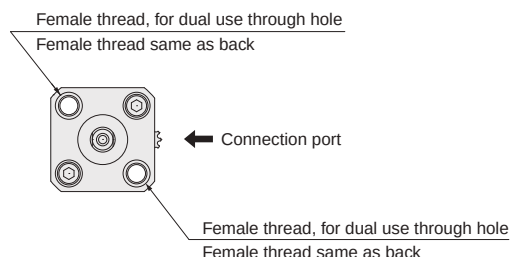
Note 1. For information about the sensor switch mounting position and movement range, refer to page 29.

2. Contact protection measures are required for connections that result in an inductive load on a contact sensor switch, or when capacitance surge is generated. For details about contact protection measures, refer to the sensor switch page of the general personal catalog.

Installing the main unit

To allow for a variety of possible mounting methods, the jig cylinder mounting holes are available as a combination of female threaded holes and as through holes, or as female threaded holes only. For details, refer to the diagrams below. The mounting method is the same regardless of the cylinder bore.

* When fixing the main unit with direct through bolts, be sure to use the attached special washers.



* The head side (back surface) has dual use female thread/through holes at two locations. The other two locations are female thread only.



General precautions

Air supply

1. Use air as the media. For the use of any other medium, consult your nearest Koganei sales office.
2. Air to operate the cylinder should be clean air that contains no degraded compressor oil, etc. Install an air filter (filtration of 40 μ m or less) near the cylinder or valve to remove dust and accumulated liquid. Also drain the air filter periodically. If liquid or dust gets into the cylinder, it may cause defective operation. Install an air filter (filtration of 40 μ m or less) near the cylinder or valve to remove dust and accumulated liquid. Also drain the air filter periodically. If liquid or dust gets into the cylinder, it may cause defective operation.

Piping

Before installing piping to the cylinder, thoroughly flush the inside of the pipes (with compressed air). Machining chips, sealing tape, rust and other debris remaining from the piping work may result in air leaks and malfunctions.

Atmosphere

1. Cover the unit when using it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc.
2. This product cannot be used if the medium or ambient atmosphere includes any of the substances below. Organic solvents, phosphate type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide gas, chlorine gas, acids, or ozone.

Handling instructions and precautions

Stroke adjusting

Stroke adjusting cylinder

Adjusting gear



Fixing screw (For fixing the adjusting gear)

1. Fixing screws are temporarily installed at the factory. Loosen the fixing screws when adjusting the stroke.
2. The stroke is set at the factory as noted on the product label. Relative to the indicated product stroke, the push stroke can be adjusted up to a maximum of -5 mm [-0.197 in] by rotating the adjusting gear.
When viewed from the piston rod side, rightward rotation (towards the "+" mark) lengthens the push stroke, while leftward rotations (towards the "-" mark) shortens the push stroke.
3. The adjusting gear cannot be rotated while air is being applied.
4. With the adjusting gear $\phi 2$ [0.079] ($\phi 12$ to $\phi 25$ [0.472 to 0.984] cylinder bores) or $\phi 2.5$ [0.098] ($\phi 32$ [1.260], $\phi 40$ [1.575] cylinder bores) holes are at 90° intervals. Use a pin or other suitable object to rotate as required.
Do not try to rotate with your fingernail. Doing so creates the risk of personal injury. ^{NOTE}
5. Do not try to force rotation past where adjusting gear adjustment ends. Doing so can lead to malfunction. ^{NOTE}
6. When determining the stroke, tighten the fixing screw. The tightening torques of the fixing screws are: 0.3 N·m [2.655 in·lbf] ($\phi 12$ to $\phi 25$ [0.472 to 0.984] cylinder bores) and 0.7 N·m [6.196 in·lbf] ($\phi 32$ [1.260] and $\phi 40$ [1.575] cylinder bores). There is also a screw on the opposite side. One fixing screw is temporarily installed at the factory.

Note: When you are unable to rotate the adjusting gear.

Is the fixing screw tightened? → NO: Loosen the fixing screw.

→ YES: Check the stroke on the product label and the actual product stroke.

● [Stroke on Product Label] $\div$ [Product Stroke] → The adjusting gear can be rotated towards the minus (-) mark.

● [Stroke on Product Label] > [Product Stroke] → The adjusting gear can be rotated towards the plus (+) mark.

If you still have problems rotating the adjusting gear, contact Koganei.

Stroke adjusting guidelines (reference)

Model	Item	Cylinder bore mm [in]	Stroke adjusting range mm [in]	Total adjusting gear rotations (Rotation)	Amount of adjustment per adjusting gear rotation mm	Required number of adjusting gear rotations to adjust by 1 mm
CPDA(S)		12 [0.472]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	6.7	(0.8 [0.031])	(1.3)
		16 [0.630]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	8.3	(0.6 [0.024])	(1.7)
		20 [0.787]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	8.6	(0.6 [0.024])	(1.7)
		25 [0.984]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	9.8	(0.5 [0.020])	(2.0)
		32 [1.260]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	9.5	(0.5 [0.020])	(1.9)
		40 [1.575]	0 to -5 [0 to -0.197]	10.3	(0.5 [0.020])	(2.1)

Note: Actual values may be different due to component tolerances. Use the above information for general reference only.

Thrust

Determine the thrust required by the load and working air pressure, the then select the appropriate cylinder bore.

The table shows calculated values, so select a cylinder bore whose load factor (Load Factor = $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Calculated value}}$) that is 70% or lower (50% or lower in the case of high speed).

● Double acting type with adjusting mechanism



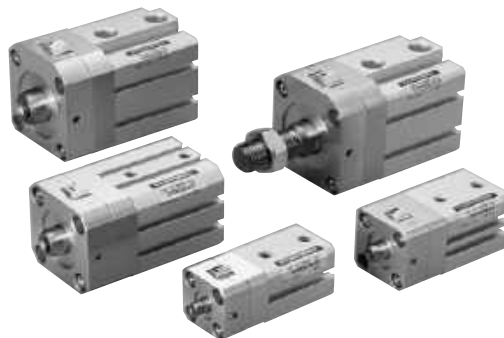
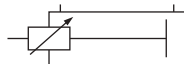
Cylinder bore mm [in]	Piston Rod diameter mm [in]	Operation	Pressure area mm ² [in ²]	Air pressure MPa [psi]							N [lbf]
				0.1 [15]	0.2 [29]	0.3 [44]	0.4 [58]	0.5 [73]	0.6 [87]	0.7 [102]	
12 [0.472]	6 [0.236]	Push side	113.0 [0.2]	11.3 [2.540]	22.6 [5.081]	33.9 [7.621]	45.2 [10.161]	56.5 [12.702]	67.8 [15.242]	79.1 [17.782]	
		Pull side	84.8 [0.131]	8.5 [1.911]	17.0 [3.822]	25.4 [5.710]	33.9 [7.621]	42.4 [9.532]	50.9 [11.443]	59.3 [13.331]	
16 [0.630]	8 [0.315]	Push side	201.0 [0.3]	20.1 [4.519]	40.2 [9.037]	60.3 [13.556]	80.4 [18.075]	100.5 [22.6]	120.6 [27.1]	140.7 [31.6]	
		Pull side	150.0 [0.2]	15.1 [3.395]	30.1 [6.767]	45.2 [10.161]	60.3 [13.556]	75.4 [16.951]	90.4 [20.323]	105.5 [23.7]	
20 [0.787]	10 [0.394]	Push side	314.0 [0.5]	31.4 [7.059]	62.8 [14.118]	94.2 [21.177]	125.6 [28.2]	157.0 [35.3]	188.4 [42.4]	219.8 [49.4]	
		Pull side	235.5 [0.4]	23.6 [5.305]	47.1 [10.589]	70.7 [15.894]	94.2 [21.177]	117.8 [26.5]	141.3 [31.8]	164.9 [37.1]	
25 [0.984]	12 [0.472]	Push side	490.6 [0.8]	49.1 [11.038]	98.1 [22.054]	147.2 [33.1]	196.3 [44.1]	245.3 [55.1]	294.4 [66.2]	343.4 [77.2]	
		Pull side	377.6 [0.6]	37.8 [8.498]	75.5 [16.973]	113.3 [25.5]	151.0 [33.9]	188.8 [42.4]	226.6 [50.9]	264.3 [59.4]	
32 [1.260]	16 [0.630]	Push side	803.8 [1.2]	80.4 [18.075]	160.8 [36.1]	241.2 [54.2]	321.5 [72.3]	401.9 [90.4]	482.3 [108.4]	562.7 [126.5]	
		Pull side	602.9 [0.9]	60.3 [13.556]	120.6 [27.1]	180.9 [40.7]	241.2 [54.2]	301.4 [67.8]	361.7 [81.3]	422.0 [94.9]	
40 [1.575]	16 [0.630]	Push side	1256.0 [2]	125.6 [28.2]	251.2 [56.5]	376.8 [84.7]	502.4 [112.9]	628.0 [141.2]	753.6 [169.4]	879.2 [197.7]	
		Pull side	1055.0 [2]	105.5 [23.7]	211.0 [47.4]	316.5 [71.2]	422.0 [94.9]	527.5 [118.6]	633.0 [142.3]	738.5 [166.0]	

JIG CYLINDERS C SERIES STROKE ADJUSTING CYLINDERS

Double Acting Type

Symbols

- Push side stroke adjusting



Specifications

Item	Cylinder bore mm [in]	12 [0.472]	16 [0.630]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	32 [1.260]	40 [1.575]
Operating type		Double acting type with stroke adjusting mechanism					
Media	°C [°F]	Air					
Operating temperature range	MPa	0 ~ 60 [32 ~ 140]					
Proof pressure	[psi]	1.05					
Operating pressure range	MPa	0.1 ~ 0.7 [15 ~ 102]					
Operating speed range	[psi]	30 ~ 500 [1.181 ~ 19.7]					
Cushion	mm/s	Rubber bumper type (option)					
Repeatability	[in/sec]	±0.05 [±0.002] (Without rubber bumper specification)					
Stroke adjusting range		0 ~ -5 [0 ~ -0.197]					
Lubrication	mm [in]	Not required (if lubricated, use turbine oil class 1 (ISO VG32) or equivalent)					
Port size	mm [in]	M5×0.8				Rc1/8	

Bore Size and Stroke

For information about mid-stroke, refer to page 20.

Operating type	Bore	Standard strokes		mm [in]
		Standard cylinder	Cylinder with magnet	
Double acting type with stroke adjusting mechanism	12 [0.472]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181]	
	16 [0.630]			
	20 [0.787]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181], 35 [1.378], 40 [1.575], 45 [1.772], 50 [1.969]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181], 35 [1.378], 40 [1.575], 45 [1.772], 50 [1.969]	
	25 [0.984]			
	32 [1.260]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181], 35 [1.378], 40 [1.575], 45 [1.772], 50 [1.969], 75 [2.953], 100 [3.9]	5 [0.197], 10 [0.394], 15 [0.591], 20 [0.787], 25 [0.984], 30 [1.181], 35 [1.378], 40 [1.575], 45 [1.772], 50 [1.969], 75 [2.953], 100 [3.9]	

Reference 1: Stroke tolerance $^{+1}_0$ (for basic stroke)

2: Mid-strokes basically are tube cut.

However, strokes up to 5 mm [0.197 in] are not tube cut.

3: The stroke adjusting range is 0 to -5 mm [0 to -0.197 in] for the basic stroke.

Order Codes for Stroke Adjusting Cylinders

Operating type	Cylinder specification	Rod end specification	Sensor switch type ^{Note2} (For cylinder with magnet)	Lead wire length	Number of sensor switches (For cylinder with magnet)			
DA: Double acting type	Blank: Standard cylinder ^{Note1} S: Cylinder with magnet (Non-ion specification)	Female thread  Blank Male thread  -B	Blank : No sensor switch -ZE135: With ZE135 ● 2-lead wire, solid state type ● With indicator lamp ● 10 to 28 VDC ● Horizontal lead wire -ZE175: With ZE175 ● 3-lead wire, solid state PNP output type ● With indicator lamp ● 4.5 to 28 VDC ● Horizontal lead wire -ZE235: With ZE235 ● 2-lead wire, solid state type ● With indicator lamp ● 10 to 28 VDC ● Vertical lead wire -ZE275: With ZE275 ● 3-lead wire, solid state PNP output type ● With indicator lamp ● 4.5 to 28 VDC ● Vertical lead wire -ZE101: With ZE101 ● 2-lead wire, contact type ● Without indicator lamp ● 5 to 28 VDC 85 to 115 VAC ● Horizontal lead wire -ZE201: With ZE201 ● 2-lead wire, contact type ● Without indicator lamp ● 5 to 28 VDC 85 to 115 VAC ● Vertical lead wire -ZE155: With ZE155 ● 3-lead wire, solid state NPN output type ● With indicator lamp ● 4.5 to 28 VDC ● Horizontal lead wire -ZE255: With ZE255 ● 3-lead wire, solid state NPN output type ● With indicator lamp ● 4.5 to 28 VDC ● Vertical lead wire -ZE102: With ZE102 ● 2-lead wire, contact type ● With indicator lamp ● 10 to 28 VDC 85 to 115 VAC ● Horizontal lead wire -ZE202: With ZE202 ● 2-lead wire, contact type ● With indicator lamp ● 10 to 28 VDC 85 to 115 VAC ● Vertical lead wire	A: 1000 mm [39 in] B: 3000 mm [118 in] G: 300 mm [11.8 in] with M8 connector; ZE175, ZE275 only	Blank: No sensor switch 1: With 1 sensor switch 2: With 2 sensor switches			
Stroke adjusting cylinder Basic type Bore size × stroke								
CP	DA	S	×	-B	-R	-ZE135 -ZE155 -ZE175 -ZE235 -ZE255 -ZE275 -ZE101 -ZE102 -ZE201 -ZE202	A B G	1 2 : n

● See table for bore and stroke.

● For details about cylinder joints for male thread and cylinder rod ends, refer to the sensor switch page of the actuator general catalog.

● For the order number of a sensor switch only, see page 28.

Note 1: Stroke adjusting standard cylinders do not have a sensor switch magnet built in.

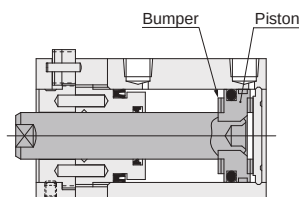
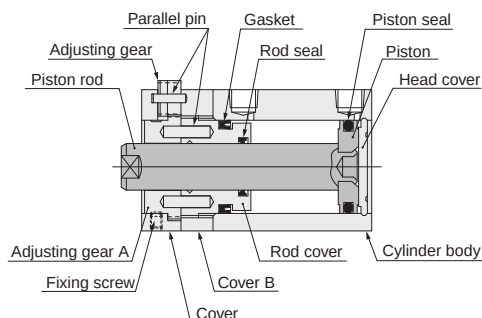
2: For details about sensor switches, see the general personal catalog.

Inner Construction and Major Parts

● Double acting type (CPDA)

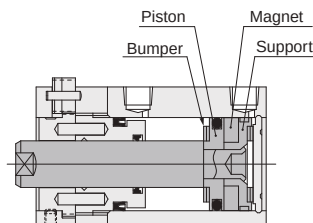
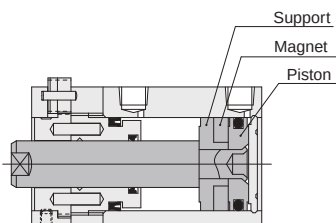
● $\phi 12$ [0.472] ~ $\phi 40$ [1.575]

● With bumper



● Cylinder with magnet

● With magnet and bumper



Major Parts and Materials

Article	Cylinder bore mm [in]	12 [0.472]	16 [0.630]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	32 [1.260]	40 [1.575]
Cylinder body		Aluminum alloy (anodized)					
Cover, Cover B		Aluminum alloy (anodized)					
Piston		Aluminum alloy (special anti-rust treatment)					
Piston rod		Stainless steel (with chrome plating)				Hard steel (with chrome plating)	
Seal		Synthetic rubber (NBR)					
Rod cover		Aluminum alloy (special anti-abrasion treatment)					
Adjusting gear, Adjusting gear A		Aluminum alloy (anodized)					
Parallel pin		Stainless steel					
Bumper		Synthetic rubber (NBR)					
Magnet		Plastic magnet					
Support		Aluminum alloy (special anti-rust treatment)					
Fixing screw		Stainless steel				Steel (nickel plated)	

Mass

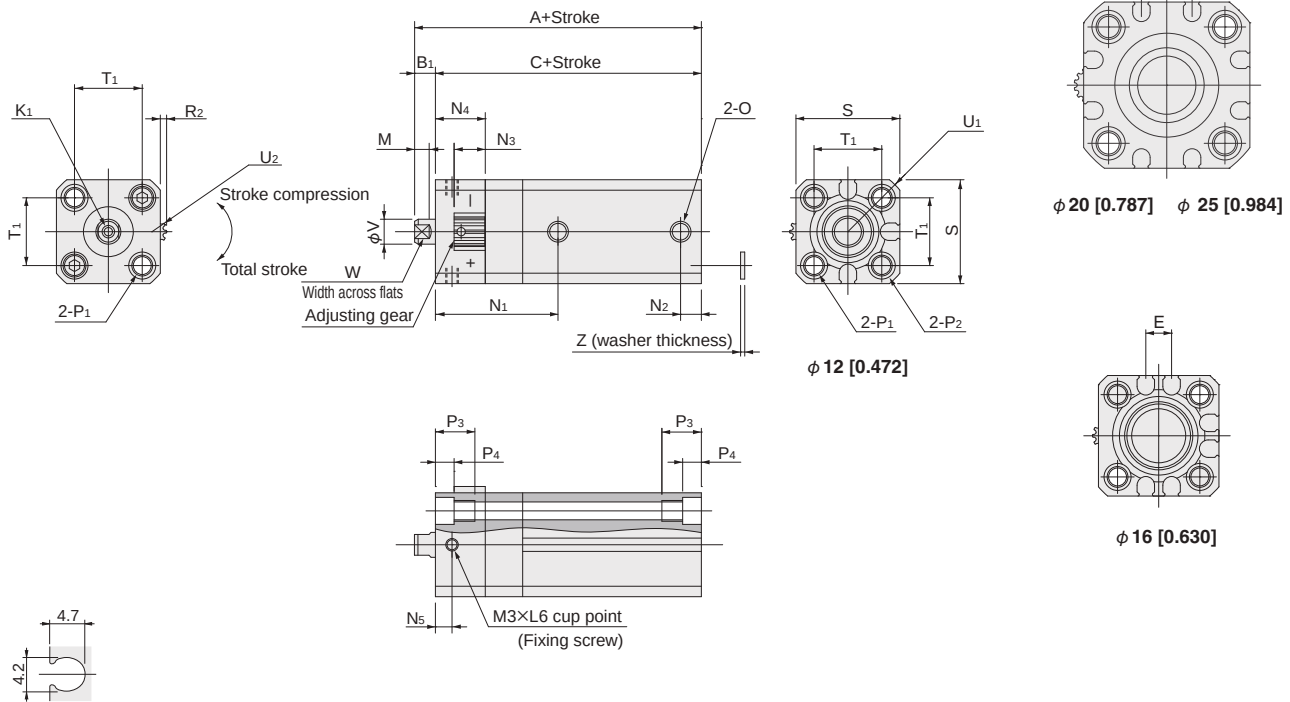
Cylinder bore mm [in]	Zero stroke Mass	Additional mass for each 1mm stroke	Mass added by bumper	Additional mass of cylinder with magnet	Additional mass of sensor switch ^{Note2}	
					ZE□□□A ZE□□□G	ZE□□□B
12 [0.472]	64.9 [2.289]	1.28 [0.045]	6.42 [0.226]	6.59 [0.232]	15 [0.529]	35 [1.235]
16 [0.630]	92.5 [3.263]	1.62 [0.057]	8.08 [0.285]	9.93 [0.350]		
20 [0.787]	139.5 [4.9]	2.26 [0.080]	11.29 [0.398]	25.71 [0.907]		
25 [0.984]	203.6 [7.2]	3.11 [0.110]	15.53 [0.548]	37.47 [1.322]		
32 [1.260]	300.9 [10.6]	4.11 [0.145]	20.57 [0.726]	52.43 [1.849]		
40 [1.575]	443.0 [15.6]	4.77 [0.168]	0	69.15 [2.439]		

Note 1: Above table values are for standard stroke.

Note 2: Sensor switch codes A, B, and G are lead wire lengths. A: 1000 mm [39 in], B: 3000 mm [118 in], G: 300 mm [11.8 in], with M8 connector

Dimension of Double Acting Cylinder Stroke Adjusting Type (mm [in])

● $\phi 12$ [0.472] ~ $\phi 25$ [0.984]



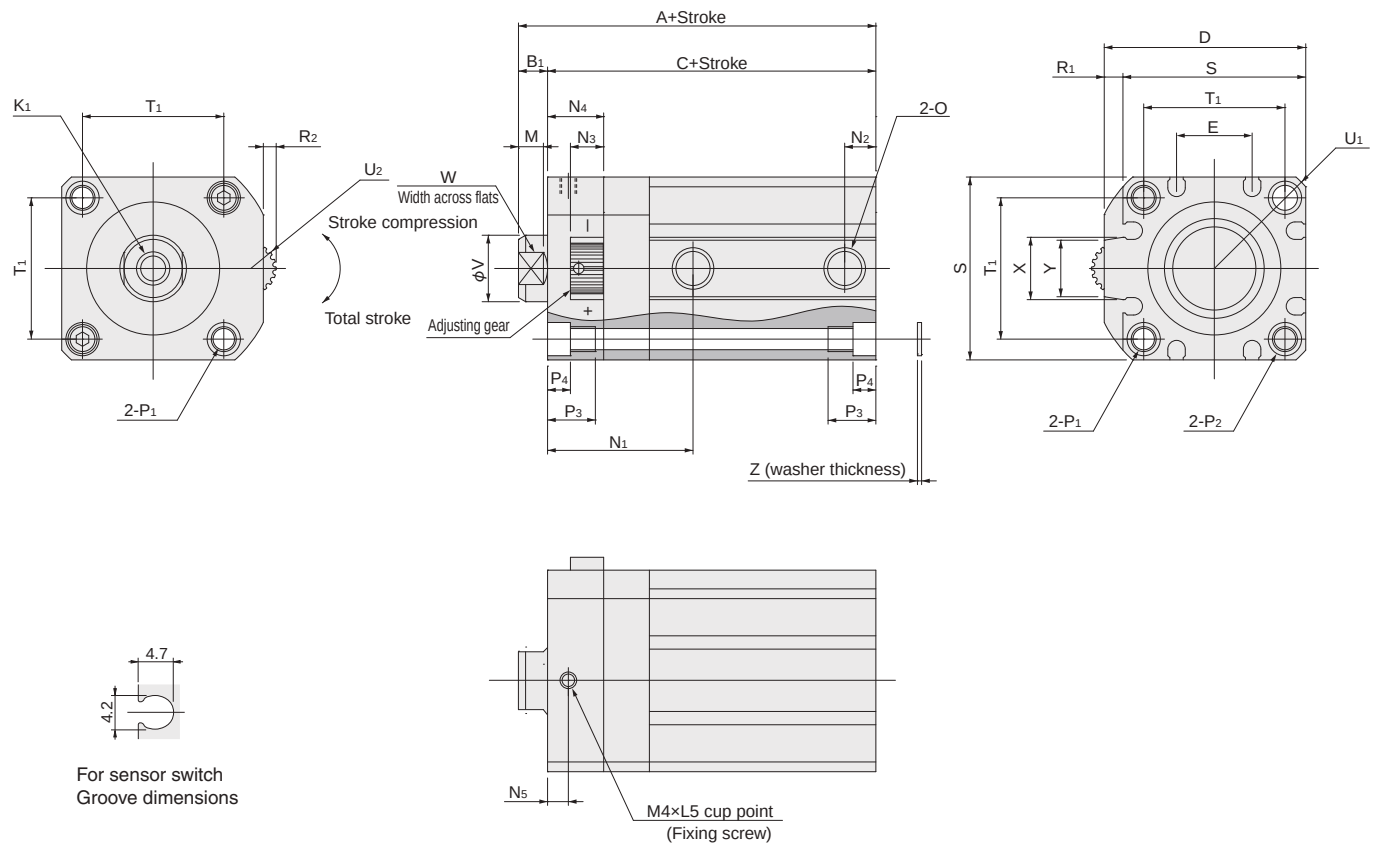
For sensor switch
Groove dimensions

Model Bore Code	Standard cylinder (CPDA)			Cylinder with magnet (CPDAS)			Standard cylinder with bumper (CPDA-R)			Cylinder with magnet and bumper (CPDAS-R)			E	K1	M	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	O
	A	B1	C	A	B1	C	A	B1	C	A	B1	C									
12 [0.472]	44 [1.732]	5 [0.197]	39 [1.535]	49 [1.929]	5 [0.197]	44 [1.732]	49 [1.929]	5 [0.197]	44 [1.732]	54 [2.126]	5 [0.197]	49 [1.929]	—	M3×0.5, depth 6 [0.236]	3.5 [0.138]	29.5 [1.161]	5 [0.197]	7.5 [0.295]	12 [0.472]	4 [0.157]	M5×0.8
16 [0.630]	45.5 [1.791]	5.5 [0.217]	40 [1.575]	50.5 [1.988]	5.5 [0.217]	45 [1.772]	50.5 [1.988]	5.5 [0.217]	45 [1.772]	55.5 [2.185]	5.5 [0.217]	50 [1.969]	6.2 [0.244]	M4×0.7, depth 8 [0.315]	3.5 [0.138]	30.5 [1.201]	5 [0.197]	7.5 [0.295]	12 [0.472]	4 [0.157]	M5×0.8
20 [0.787]	48 [1.890]	5.5 [0.217]	42.5 [1.673]	58 [2.283]	5.5 [0.217]	52.5 [2.067]	53 [2.087]	5.5 [0.217]	47.5 [1.87]	63 [2.480]	5.5 [0.217]	57.5 [2.264]	12.2 [0.480]	M5×0.8, depth 10 [0.394]	4.5 [0.177]	32 [1.260]	5 [0.197]	7.5 [0.295]	12 [0.472]	4 [0.157]	M5×0.8
25 [0.984]	51 [2.008]	6 [0.236]	45 [1.772]	61 [2.402]	6 [0.236]	55 [2.165]	56 [2.205]	6 [0.236]	50 [1.969]	66 [2.598]	6 [0.236]	60 [2.362]	12.2 [0.480]	M6×1, depth 10 [0.394]	5 [0.197]	34 [1.339]	5 [0.197]	7.5 [0.295]	12.5 [0.492]	4.5 [0.177]	M5×0.8

Bore Code	P1	P2	P3	P4	R2	S	T1	U1	U2	V	W	Z	Applicable through bolt
12 [0.472]	$\phi 4.3$ [0.169] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 6.5$ (both sides) and M5×0.8 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 6.5$ [0.256] and M5×0.8	9.5 [0.374]	4.5 [0.177]	1.5 [0.059]	25 [0.984]	16.3 [0.642]	R16	R3.57	6 [0.236]	5 [0.197]	1 [0.039]	M3
16 [0.630]	$\phi 4.3$ [0.169] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 6.5$ (both sides) and M5×0.8 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 6.5$ [0.256] and M5×0.8	9.5 [0.374]	4.5 [0.177]	1.4 [0.055]	29 [1.142]	19.8 [0.780]	R19	R3.57	8 [0.315]	6 [0.236]	1 [0.039]	M3
20 [0.787]	$\phi 4.3$ [0.169] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 6.5$ (both sides) and M5×0.8 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 6.5$ [0.256] and M5×0.8	9.5 [0.374]	4.5 [0.177]	2.1 [0.083]	34 [1.339]	24 [0.945]	R22	R4.2	10 [0.394]	8 [0.315]	1 [0.039]	M3
25 [0.984]	$\phi 5.1$ [0.201] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 8$ (both sides) and M6×1 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 8$ [0.315] and M6×1	11.5 [0.453]	5.5 [0.217]	2.3 [0.091]	40 [1.575]	28 [1.102]	R25	R4.52	12 [0.472]	10 [0.394]	1 [0.039]	M4

Dimension of Double Acting Cylinder Stroke Adjusting Type (mm [in])

● $\phi 32$ [1.260] • $\phi 40$ [1.575]



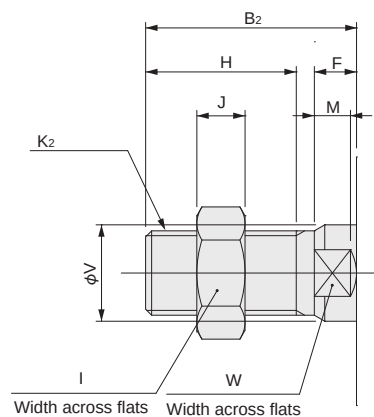
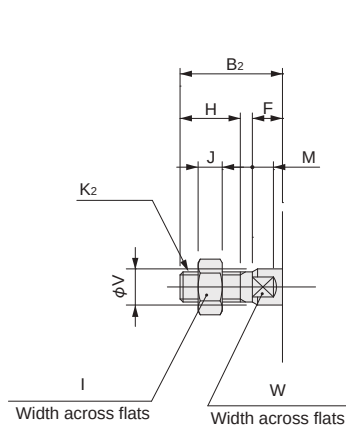
Model Bore Code	Standard cylinder (CPDA)			Cylinder with magnet (CPDAS)			Standard cylinder with bumper (CPDA-R)			Cylinder with magnet and bumper (CPDAS-R)			D	E	K ₁	M	N ₁	N ₂	N ₃	N ₄	N ₅	O
	A	B ₁	C	A	B ₁	C	A	B ₁	C	A	B ₁	C										
32 [1.260]	56 [2.205]	7 [0.276]	49 [1.929]	66 [2.598]	7 [0.276]	59 [2.323]	61 [2.402]	7 [0.276]	54 [2.126]	66 [2.598]	7 [0.276]	59 [2.323]	48.5 [1.909]	18.2 [0.717]	M8×1.25, depth 12 [0.472]	6 [0.236]	35 [1.378]	7.5 [0.295]	8 [0.315]	13.5 [0.531]	5 [0.197]	Rc1/8
40 [1.575]	61 [2.402]	7 [0.276]	54 [2.126]	71 [2.795]	7 [0.276]	64 [2.520]	61 [2.402]	7 [0.276]	54 [2.126]	71 [2.795]	7 [0.276]	64 [2.520]	56.5 [2.224]	18.2 [0.717]	M8×1.25, depth 12 [0.472]	6 [0.236]	38 [1.496]	7.5 [0.295]	8 [0.315]	15.5 [0.610]	6 [0.236]	Rc1/8

Bore Code	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	P ₄	R ₁	R ₂	S	T ₁	U ₁	U ₂	V	W	X	Y	Z	Applicable through bolt
32 [1.260]	$\phi 5.1$ [0.201] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 8$ [0.315] (both sides) and M6×1 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 8$ [0.315] and M6×1	11.5 [0.453]	5.5 [0.217]	4.5 [0.177]	3.1 [0.122]	44 [1.732]	34 [1.339]	R29.5	R6.11	16 [0.630]	14 [0.551]	15 [0.591]	13.6 [0.535]	1 [0.039]	M4
40 [1.575]	$\phi 6.9$ [0.272] (through hole) counter bore $\phi 9.5$ [0.374] (both sides) and M8×1.25 (both sides)	Counter bore $\phi 9.5$ [0.374] and M8×1.25	15.5 [0.610]	7.5 [0.295]	4.5 [0.177]	3.9 [0.154]	52 [2.047]	40 [1.575]	R35	R6.75	16 [0.630]	14 [0.551]	15 [0.591]	13.6 [0.535]	1.6 [0.063]	M5

Dimensions of Male Rod End Thread Specification (mm [in])

● $\phi 12$ [0.472] ~ $\phi 25$ [0.984]

● $\phi 32$ [1.260] • $\phi 40$ [1.575]



Bore Code	B ₂	F	H	I	J	K ₂	M	V	W
12 [0.472]	17 [0.669]	5 [0.197]	10 [0.394]	8 [0.315]	4 [0.157]	M5×0.8	3.5 [0.138]	6 [0.236]	5 [0.197]
16 [0.630]	20.5 [0.807]	5.5 [0.217]	13 [0.512]	10 [0.394]	5 [0.197]	M6×1	3.5 [0.138]	8 [0.315]	6 [0.236]
20 [0.787]	22.5 [0.886]	5.5 [0.217]	15 [0.591]	12 [0.472]	5 [0.197]	M8×1	4.5 [0.177]	10 [0.394]	8 [0.315]
25 [0.984]	24 [0.945]	6 [0.236]	15 [0.591]	14 [0.551]	6 [0.236]	M10×1.25	5 [0.197]	12 [0.472]	10 [0.394]
32 [1.260]	35 [1.378]	7 [0.276]	25 [0.984]	19 [0.748]	8 [0.315]	M14×1.5	6 [0.236]	16 [0.630]	14 [0.551]
40 [1.575]	35 [1.378]	7 [0.276]	25 [0.984]	19 [0.748]	8 [0.315]	M14×1.5	6 [0.236]	16 [0.630]	14 [0.551]

Remark: Cylinder joints and cylinder rod ends for mounting on a male thread rod end specification are also available. For details, see the general personal catalog.

JIG CYLINDERS C SERIES SENSOR SWITCHES

Solid State Type, Reed Switch Type

Order codes



- CDAS

Lead wire length

A: 1000 mm [39 in]

B: 3000 mm [118 in]

G: 300 mm [11.8 in] with M8 connector (ZE175, ZE275 only)

Sensor switch model

ZE135: Solid state type	2 lead wires	Without indicator	10 to 28 VDC	Horizontal lead wire	ZE101: Contact type	Without indicator	5 to 28 VDC	Horizontal lead wire
ZE155: Solid state type	3 lead wires NPN output type	With indicator	4.5 to 28 VDC	Horizontal lead wire			85 to 115 VAC	
ZE175: Solid state type	3-lead wires PNP output type	With indicator	4.5 to 28 VDC	Horizontal lead wire	ZE102: Contact type	With indicator	10 to 28 VDC	Horizontal lead wire
ZE235: Solid state type	2 lead wires	With indicator	10 to 28 VDC	Vertical lead wire			85 to 115 VAC	
ZE255: Solid state type	3-lead wires NPN output type	With indicator	4.5 to 28 VDC	Vertical lead wire	ZE201: Contact type	Without indicator	5 to 28 VDC	Vertical lead wire
ZE275: Solid state type	3 lead wires PNP output type	With indicator	4.5 to 28 VDC	Vertical lead wire			85 to 115 VAC	
					ZE202: Contact type	With indicator	10 to 28 VDC	Vertical lead wire
							85 to 115 VAC	

